

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY.
Light trades and fair weather with a
tendency to valley showers.

SUGAR—96° Centrifugals, 3.60.

ESTABLISHED JULY 2, 1856.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, JUNE 23, 1903.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

LEGISLATORS WANT LIGHT UPON POWER IN FACE OF VETO

Problem of Considering Separately Points of Governor's Unpaid Bills Message.

Six Months Salary Act Progresses and Only One Item Remains Without Report--Senate Will Work Upon Loan Bill Quickly.

What shall be done with Governor Dole's veto of six items in the Unpaid Bills Act is the question which is uppermost in the minds of the members of the House. After threshing over the question for some time yesterday the matter went over without action, seeking advice from the Attorney-General as to the propriety of taking up the sections of the veto, and voting upon them separately.

Some members of the House seemed to feel that though the Organic Act gives to the Governor the right to consider the items of an appropriation measure independently, when a veto comes to them they are without prerogative to act independently, but must consider all sections or none. There was a long debate over the question, and the disposition of it means that there will be almost as much delay as would have resulted if the motion of Harris, to postpone action until Thursday, had prevailed.

During its working hours the House disposed of all the items in the Six Months' Salary Bill except that as to the pay of the boat-boys, and this was referred to the committee consisting of the Oahu delegation. But it was not all work during the day, for the members had their little play time, during which they passed a ridiculous resolution asking the Governor an impertinent question as to how information leaked out of his office, allegedly.

The Senate put over the veto until Thursday, and refused to confer with the House as to the amount of time which elapsed while the bill under veto was in the hands of the Governor. The Loan Bill was passed first time and ordered printed, so that the members may have it for action at once.

IN THE HOUSE.

The message from Governor Dole, vetoing certain items of unpaid bills, was read in both languages and upon its completion the war began.

Harris moved that consideration be deferred until Thursday and Chillingworth seconded. Paele moved for a special committee of three, to meet a like committee from the Senate, to consider whether or not the message does not come too late. Paele said the bill went to the Governor at 10:05 o'clock on the morning of June 9, and now the message was received at 10:10 o'clock on the morning of June 22. The committee appointed consists of Paele, Nakaleka and Andrade.

Vida introduced a resolution calling upon Governor Dole for information as to how the Advertiser was able to forecast his views on the unpaid bills before the House received the message. Fernandez seconded the motion saying it looked like the Governor was the Advertiser, or that he was accepting its advice. Harris' motion to table was lost by twelve to thirteen. He then asked what was meant by the resolution and Vida declared that it was to go on record as opposed to the Governor's policy. The message of the Governor, he said, bearing upon the Loan bill was impertinent, and this was to show him the feeling of the House. The Governor, he said, had better tend to his own business and let the House look after its own.

RESOLUTION IS ADOPTED.

The resolution was then adopted by a vote of sixteen to nine, the self-styled Republicans who went on "record" being Aylett, Hala, Kalli, Kumalae, Lewis, Long, Nakaleka and Vida, which with the entire Home Rule strength made up the majority.

The House then passed finally the bills, providing for the unpaid bills of the Educational Department, Lahaina, the extension of the life of the Emergency bill, the appropriation for procuring blanks and books for coun-

ties and for the extra expenses of the Senate.

MAUI'S POLICE ITEMS.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the six months salary bill. Maui's police item was then reported, the following being the items:

Wailuku—1 captain at \$100, \$600; 2 lieutenants at \$65, \$780; 14 officers, including officers at Kihai and Kahului, at \$50, \$4,200; Honouliuli officer at \$40, \$240.

Makawao—1 captain at \$75, \$450; 6 officers at \$50, \$1,800.

Hana—1 captain at \$60, \$360; 3 officers at \$50, \$900; 2 officers at \$40, \$480.

Kipahulu—3 officers at \$40, \$720.

Molokai—1 officer at \$50, \$300; 4 officers at \$40, \$960.

Lahaina—1 captain at \$75, \$450; 1 lieutenant at \$60, \$360; 4 officers at \$50, \$1,200; 3 officers (one at Olowalu, one at Honokohau and one at Lanai) at \$50, \$720.

This report is drafted with a view to equalizing the pay of the police officers from Hawaii to Kauai. Since the Hawaii and Oahu officers will be paid in most, if not in all cases, \$50 per month, it is nothing more than fair that the Maui officers should be paid, accordingly. The pay of regular police of Maui comes to \$14,520 according to this report. There ought to be some special officers and also some incidentals, and we recommend 4 special officers at \$60, \$1,440; incidentals, \$1,800; \$3,240. Total, \$17,760. And we recommend the item pass as amended.

S. KELHINOL,
F. W. BECKLEY,
PHILIP PALLI,
J. NAKALEKA.

The minority presented a report making slight increases in the salaries of some of the officers but keeping very close to the pay at present given. A summary is as follows: Wailuku, \$4,980; Makawao, \$1,500; Lahaina (including Lanai), \$2,520; Hana, \$1,050; Kipahulu, \$420; Molokai, \$1,050; leper settlement, \$810; special police, \$1,560. Grand total, \$14,050. Signed by S. E. Kalama and W. P. Hala.

HIGHER FIGURES AGREED TO.

There was a long debate over the matter, the Maui men talking freely about their needs, the others letting it all go until the noon hour came and the committee went into recess.

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PORFIRIO DIAZ AGAIN NAMED FOR PRESIDENT

CITY OF MEXICO, June 22.—President Diaz was renominated today.

With the exception of a period of four years General Porfirio Diaz has been president of Mexico since 1876. He is now seventy-two years of age and his whole life has been spent in very active work in the interests of his country. A student at the time of the Mexican war he enlisted and fought against the United States. He after affiliated with the liberal party in its struggles against the conservatives. He was a potent factor in the overthrow of Santa Anna. He was conspicuous in the war of reform and was ever at the point of danger, as the wounds he received in battle testify. He opposed the French invasion of Mexico, and was in command of the Mexican army that on May 5, 1862, captured Puebla after a siege of nearly a month. Later, at the same place, he was taken prisoner, but was successful in making an escape. Again he fought the French and was again captured but escaped and immediately raised new forces to continue the struggle. In 1867 he captured Mexico City, which ended the war and also French rule in America. On the death of President Juarez he was chosen President. He held the office until 1880, when he surrendered it to General Gonzales. In 1884 Diaz was again elected President and has been re-elected since as often as his term has expired. The nomination of Diaz means that Gen. Reyes and Jose Limantour will have to wait a few years longer before they can contest for the presidency, and both have been candidates against Diaz this time.



PRESIDENT DIAZ.

TOURISTS WAITING FOR AN INVITATION TO HAWAII

P. R. Helm Found Many People in California Who Would Help on the Island Tourist Campaign--His Ideas on the Subject.

"By proper effort Hawaii can get not only tourists in large numbers, but settlers as well, as California is doing" said P. R. Helm, secretary of the Merchants' Association, yesterday. While in California recently he investigated the methods which California people are using successfully to flood that state with tourists. Mr. Helm believes that California will help Hawaii get tourists, provided of course, that the agitation is begun among the sources of tourist travel and not in California. For every tourist that comes to Hawaii naturally must pass through California, and in that way must help that State to some extent.

"While in California," continued Mr. Helm, "I familiarized myself with the methods being used to attract tourists. In general, it is simply to exploit and advertise the climate and other attractions of the State in the districts from which the tourists come—Boston, New York and Chicago. They work largely through the railroad companies and by advertising in the leading magazines, and special correspondence in the Eastern newspapers and periodicals keeping interest in the country aroused as much as possible."

"The transportation companies (I visited some of the offices in San Francisco) are willing to work with us here in Hawaii. The people who are advertising California are also willing and anxious to help us, provided that we do not work in California, but go further East where the tourists are."

(Continued on Page 2.)



JUST SHOWING HOW STRONG THEY ARE.

—Harper's Weekly.

NAVY HOLDINGS INCREASED AT HONOLULU POST

Servian War Minister Threatens Serious Results if the Regicides Are Punished.

A McCoy Bandit Killed--Negro Burned at the Stake--Two Hundred Thousand Are Starving.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Rear Admiral Bradford has arranged the purchase of 500 acres adjoining the naval station at Honolulu.

The above dispatch was shown last night to Capt. U. S. G. White, Commandant of the Naval Station here, who said: "This must refer to the suit pending between the Government and the Honolulu Plantation Company. For some time past the Government has held the fee of 561 acres of land at Halawa, and suit was brought against the plantation people to obtain the leasehold. The dispatch evidently indicates that the question has either been settled in the courts, or else Admiral Bradford has effected a compromise with the plantation in which the Government has obtained control of the much needed land."

AFTER THE TRAGEDY AT SERBIA'S CAPITAL

LONDON, June 22.—The court has gone into mourning for a fortnight for King Alexander.

BELGRADE, June 22.—The War Minister threatens serious consequences in case of the punishment of the murderers of King Alexander. The promotion of the regicides meets the disapproval of the people and may possibly be cancelled.

Indicted for Conspiracy.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Machen, Groff Brothers and others have been indicted for conspiracy to defraud the Government in the purchase of postoffice supplies.

Machen was arrested on May 27 on charges of receiving money from contractors for letter-box fasteners, and dismissed from office. Groff Brothers, the accused contractors, were arrested at the same time. Machen is accused of sharing in the profits of the firm of Groff Brothers to the extent of forty per cent.

Convicts Blow Up Prison Gates.

CANON CITY, Colo., June 22.—Six convicts dynamited the gates of the prison today and escaped. Guards went in pursuit, killing one and wounding and capturing the others.

Killed a McCoy.

ROANOKE, Va., June 22.—Officers of the law killed one of the McCoy gang today and wounded others. The surviving outlaws escaped.

Negro Burned at the Stake.

WILMINGTON, Del., June 22.—A negro who committed assault with murder was burned at the stake today. The guards fired at the mob wounding several.

A Multitude Starving.

PEKING, June 22.—There are now 200,000 people starving in Kwangsi and the number is increasing. There are many deaths.

HONOLULU-BOUND VESSEL IN DISTRESS

AUCKLAND, June 22.—The bark Mary Cushing, en route from Newcastle to Honolulu, has put into this port leaking.

The American bark Mary L. Cushing, Captain Balch, arrived at Newcastle April 19, from Capetown, loaded coal and sailed for Honolulu. The vessel is of 1,658 tons gross register, was built at Newburyport, Mass., in 1883, and is now owned by the California Shipping Company.